

# 1Z0-007

## Oracle

### *Introduction to Oracle9i: SQL*

*OfficialCerts.com is a reputable IT certification examination guide, study guides and audio exam provider. We ensure that you pass your 1Z0-007 exam in first attempt and also get high scores to acquire Oracle certification.*

*If you use OfficialCerts 1Z0-007 Certification questions and answers, you will experience actual 1Z0-007 exam questions/answers. We know exactly what is needed and have all the exam preparation material required to pass the exam. Our Oracle exam prep covers over 95% of the questions and answers that may be appeared in your 1Z0-007 exam. Every point from pass4sure 1Z0-007 PDF, 1Z0-007 review will help you take Oracle 1Z0-007 exam much easier and become Oracle certified.*

*Here's what you can expect from the OfficialCerts Oracle 1Z0-007 course:*

- \* Up-to-Date Oracle 1Z0-007 questions as experienced in the real exam.*
- \* 100% correct Oracle 1Z0-007 answers you simply can't find in other 1Z0-007 courses.*
- \* All of our tests are easy to download. Your file will be saved as a 1Z0-007 PDF.*
- \* Oracle 1Z0-007 brain dump free content featuring the real 1Z0-007 test questions.*

*Oracle 1Z0-007 certification exam is of core importance both in your Professional life and Oracle certification path. With Oracle certification you can get a good job easily in the market and get on your path for success. Professionals who passed Oracle 1Z0-007 exam training are an absolute favorite in the industry. You will pass Oracle 1Z0-007 certification test and career opportunities will be open for you.*

<http://janetdailey.com/?certs=exams.asp?examcode=1Z0-007>



## Contents

	<b>Objective</b>
A.	Writing Basic SQL Select Statements
B.	Restricting and Sorting Data
C.	Single-Row Functions & Group Functions.
D.	Displaying Data from Multiple Tables
E.	Subquerie
F.	Creating and Managing Tables
G.	Including Constraints
H.	Manipulating Data
I.	Creating Views
J.	Creating Other Database Objects
K.	Controlling User Access

► **Relevant objective of each question is mentioned with question number.**

**Question: 1. (A)**

Which SELECT statement should you use if you want to display unique combinations of the POSITION and MANAGER values from the EMPLOYEE table?

- A. SELECT DISTINCT position, manager  
FROM employee;
- B. SELECT position, manager DISTINCT  
FROM employee;
- C. SELECT position, manager  
FROM employee;
- D. SELECT position, DISTINCT manager  
FROM employee;

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

To display a unique values in the result you can use the DISTINCT key word this will eliminate the duplicate values from the result of the query.

**Question: 2. (A)**

Which two are attributes of iSQL\*Plus? (Choose two)

- A. iSQL\*Plus commands cannot be abbreviated.
- B. iSQL\*Plus commands are accesses from a browser.
- C. iSQL\*Plus commands are used to manipulate data in tables.
- D. iSQL\*Plus commands manipulate table definitions in the database.
- E. iSQL\*Plus is the Oracle proprietary interface for executing SQL statements.

**Answer: B, E**

**Question: 3. (A)**

You need to perform certain data manipulation operations through a view called EMP\_DEPT\_VU, which you previously created.

You want to look at the definition of the view (the SELECT statement on which the view was create.)

How do you obtain the definition of the view?

- A. Use the DESCRIBE command in the EMP\_DEPT VU view.
- B. Use the DEFINE VIEW command on the EMP\_DEPT VU view.
- C. Use the DESCRIBE VIEW command on the EMP\_DEPT VU view.
- D. Query the USER\_VIEWS data dictionary view to search for the EMP\_DEPT\_VU view.
- E. Query the USER\_SOURCE data dictionary view to search for the EMP\_DEPT\_VU view.
- F. Query the USER\_OBJECTS data dictionary view to search for the EMP\_DEPT\_VU view.

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

To look on the view definition you need to query the USER\_VIEWS data dictionary view and search for the EMP\_DEPT\_VU view.

**Incorrect Answers**

**A:** You cannot see the definition of the view using the DESCRIBE command.

**B:** There is no DEFINE VIEW command in Oracle.

**C:** There is no DESCRIBE VIEW command in Oracle.

**E:** You cannot use the USER\_SOURCE data dictionary view to see the definition of your view: it is used to store system objects definitions only.

**F:** You can find record about view in the USER\_OBJECTS, but it does not contain the definition of the view itself.

OCPI Introduction to Oracle 9i: SQL Exam Guide, Jason Couchman, p. 291-301  
Chapter 7: Creating Other Database Objects in Oracle

**Question: 4. (A)**

Which is an /SQL\*Plus command?

- A. INSERT
- B. UPDATE
- C. SELECT
- D. DESCRIBE
- E. DELETE
- F. RENAME

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

There is only one SQL\*Plus command in this list: DESCRIBE. It cannot be used as SQL command. This command returns a description of *tablename*, including all columns in that table, the datatype for each column, and an indication of whether the column permits storage of NULL values.

**Incorrect Answers**

**A:** INSERT is not a SQL\*Plus command. It's data-manipulation language (DML) command.

**B:** UPDATE is not a SQL\*Plus command. It's data-manipulation language (DML) command.

**C:** SELECT is not a SQL\*Plus command.

**E:** DELETE is not a SQL\*Plus command. It's data-manipulation language (DML) command.

**F:** RENAME is not a SQL\*Plus command.

OCPI Introduction to Oracle 9i: SQL Exam Guide, Jason Couchman, p. 43  
Chapter 1: Overview of Oracle Databases

**Question: 5. (A)**

You need to produce a report for mailing labels for all customers. The mailing label must have only the customer name and address. The CUSTOMERS table has these columns:

CUST_ID	NUMBER(4)	NOT NULL
CUST_NAME	VARCHAR2(100)	
CUST_ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(150)	
CUST_PHONE	VARCHAR2(20)	

Which SELECT statement accomplishes this task?

- A. SELECT\*  
FROM customers;
- B. SELECT name, address  
FROM customers;
- C. SELECT id, name, address, phone  
FROM customers;
- D. SELECT cust\_name, cust\_address  
FROM customers;
- E. SELECT cust\_id, cust\_name, cust\_address, cust\_phone  
FROM customers;.

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

This answer provides correct list of columns for the output.

**Incorrect Answers**

- A:** This answer does not provide correct list of columns for the output. It is not required to show all columns of the table. Symbol "\*" is used in the SELECT command to substitute a list of all columns of the table.
- B:** This answer does not provide correct list of columns for the output. There are not NAME and ADDRESS columns in the CUSTOMERS table.
- C:** This answer does not provide correct list of columns for the output. There are not ID, NAME, ADDRESS or PHONE columns in the CUSTOMERS table.
- E:** This answer does not provide correct list of columns for the output. It is not required to show all columns of the table.

OCF Introduction to Oracle 9i: SQL Exam Guide, Jason Couchman, p. 20-24  
Chapter 1: Overview of Oracle Databases

**Question: 6. (A)**

Evaluate this SQL statement:

```
SELECT e.EMPLOYEE_ID,e.LAST_NAME,e.DEPARTMENT_ID, d.DEPARTMENT_NAME.
FROM EMP e, DEPARTMENT d
WHERE e.DEPARTMENT_ID = d.DEPARTMENT_ID;
```

In the statement, which capabilities of a SELECT statement are performed?

- A. Selection, projection, join
- B. Difference, projection, join
- C. Selection, intersection, join
- D. Intersection, projection, join
- E. Difference, projection, product

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Selection, projection and join capabilities of a SELECT statement are performed in this view.

**Incorrect Answers**

**B:** Selection is performed in this query, not difference. There is no capability with name difference for a SELECT statement exists.

**C:** There is no intersection in this SELECT statement used.

**D:** There is no intersection in this SELECT statement used.

**E:** There is no difference or product capabilities exist for a SELECT statement.

OCP Introduction to Oracle 9i: SQL Exam Guide, Jason Couchman, p. 20-21

Chapter 1: Overview of Oracle Databases

**Question: 7. (A)**

Which two statements are true regarding the ORDER BY clause? (Choose two)

A. The sort is in ascending by order by default.

B. The sort is in descending order by default.

C. The ORDER BY clause must precede the WHERE clause.

D. The ORDER BY clause is executed on the client side.

E. The ORDER BY clause comes last in the SELECT statement.

F. The ORDER BY clause is executed first in the query execution.

**Answer: A & E**

**Explanation:**

The ORDER BY clause does sort data in ascending order by default. And the ORDER BY clause comes last in the SELECT statement: after FROM or WHERE or GROUP BY clause.

**Incorrect Answers**

**B:** The ORDER BY clause does sort data in ascending, not descending order, by default.

**C:** The ORDER BY clause must be after the WHERE clause in the SQL statement.

**D:** The ORDER BY clause is executed on the server side as the whole SQL statement is.

**F:** The ORDER BY clause is executed last in the query execution, after results are limited with the WHERE and GROUP BY clause conditions.

OCP Introduction to Oracle 9i: SQL Exam Guide, Jason Couchman, p. 56-61

Chapter 2: Limiting, Sorting, and Manipulating Return Data

**Question: 8. (A)**

From SQL\*Plus, you issue this SELECT statement:

```
SELECT*
```

From orders;

You use this statement to retrieve data from a data table for \_\_\_\_\_. (Choose all that apply)

A. Updating

B. Viewing

C. Deleting

D. Inserting

E. Truncating

**Answer: B & D**

**Explanation:**

You can use SELECT statement to display and to insert data into different table.

## OfficialCerts.com Certification Exam Full Version Features;

- Verified answers researched by industry experts.
- Exams **updated** on regular basis.
- Questions, Answers are downloadable in **PDF** format.
- **No authorization** code required to open exam.
- **Portable** anywhere.
- 100% success **Guarantee**.
- **Fast**, helpful support 24x7.

View list of All exams we offer;

<http://www.officialcerts.com/allexams.asp>

To contact our Support;

<http://www.officialcerts.com/support.asp>

View FAQs

<http://www.officialcerts.com/faq.asp>

Download All Exams Samples

<http://www.officialcerts.com/samples.asp>

To purchase Full Version and updated exam;

<http://www.officialcerts.com/allexams.asp>



Shop now using **PayPal**



3COM	CompTIA	Filemaker	IBM	LPI	OMG	Sun
ADOBE	ComputerAssociates	Fortinet	IISFA	McAfee	Oracle	Sybase
APC	CWNP	Foundry	Intel	McData	PMI	Symantec
Apple	DELL	Fujitsu	ISACA	Microsoft	Polycom	TeraData
BEA	ECCouncil	GuidanceSoftware	ISC2	Mile2	RedHat	TIA
BICSI	EMC	HDI	ISEB	NetworkAppliance	Sair	Tibco
CheckPoint	Enterasys	Hitachi	ISM	Network-General	SASInstitute	TruSecure
Cisco	ExamExpress	HP	Juniper	Nokia	SCP	Veritas
Citrix	Exin	Huawei	Legato	Nortel	See-Beyond	Vmware
CIW	ExtremeNetworks	Hyperion	Lotus	Novell	Google	

*You have made the*  
**Right Choice**

You are becoming member of most comprehensive, accurate, highest quality and lowest cost certification resource in the world.

